What data does space-based technology offer?

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Outline

- Space is part of the digital infrastructure of today
- Space-based technology and data
 - Satellite Navigation (SatNav)
 - Satellite Communication (SatCom)
 - Earth Observation (EO)
 - Also human space flight
- EU space programmes
- Global challenges to be addressed by space-based technology
- New Space









In traffic and transport we utilise navigation services based on location information

Weather forecasts are based on the data generated by satellites



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Climate change, deforestation, floods, storms and other changes and catastrophes in nature can be monitored, and we can be prepared for them with the data and images generated by satellites



Security and rescue authorities utilise location information in their operations

Data generated by satellites can be used for optimisation in agriculture and forestry



Urban planning, land use and the construction sector all utilise data generated by satellites

Source: Final report of the Working Group on Revision of the National Space Strategy, Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment, 2018



Space assets - satellites

Earth Observation Satellite Communications

Satellite Navigation

also human space flight



EU Space programmes

- <u>Copernicus</u> is a leading provider of Earth observation data satellite remote sensing. It helps save lives at sea, improves our response to natural disasters, and allows farmers to better manage their crops.
- <u>Galileo</u> is Europe's global satellite navigation system, similar to GPS. It provides more accurate and reliable positioning and timing information for autonomous and connected cars, railways, aviation and other sectors.
 Galileo has been operational since December 2016 when it <u>started offering</u> initial services to public authorities, businesses and citizens.
- EGNOS (the European Geostationary Navigation Overlay Service) provides "safety of life" navigation services to aviation, maritime and land-based users over most of Europe



Global Challenges and Space (1)

- Global challenges
 - Climate change
 - Migration
 - Mobility
 - Communication
 - Energy
 - Shortage of resources
 - Demographic development
 - Conflicts and catastrophes
 - Health

- Space to provide
 - Information
 - Communication
 - Science & technology
 - Education
 - Inspiration



Global Challenges and Space (2)

= Significant contribution



= Limited contribution

Source: UN Office for Outer Space Affairs

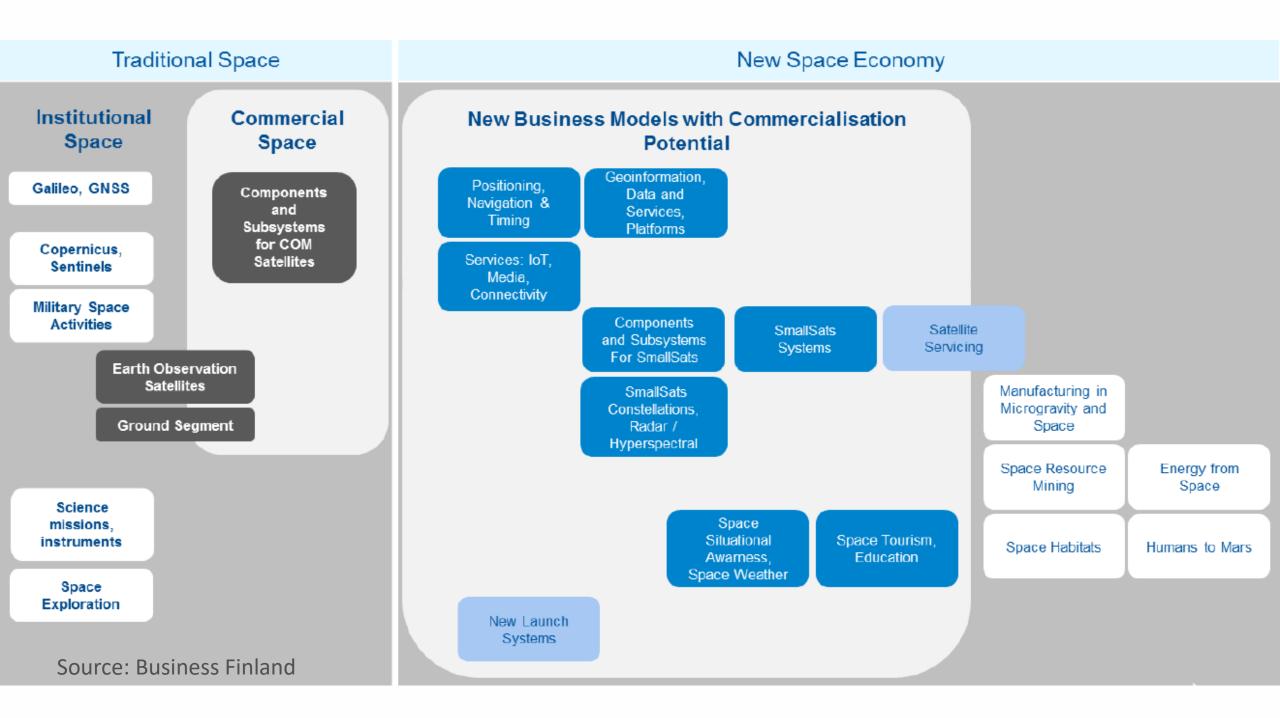


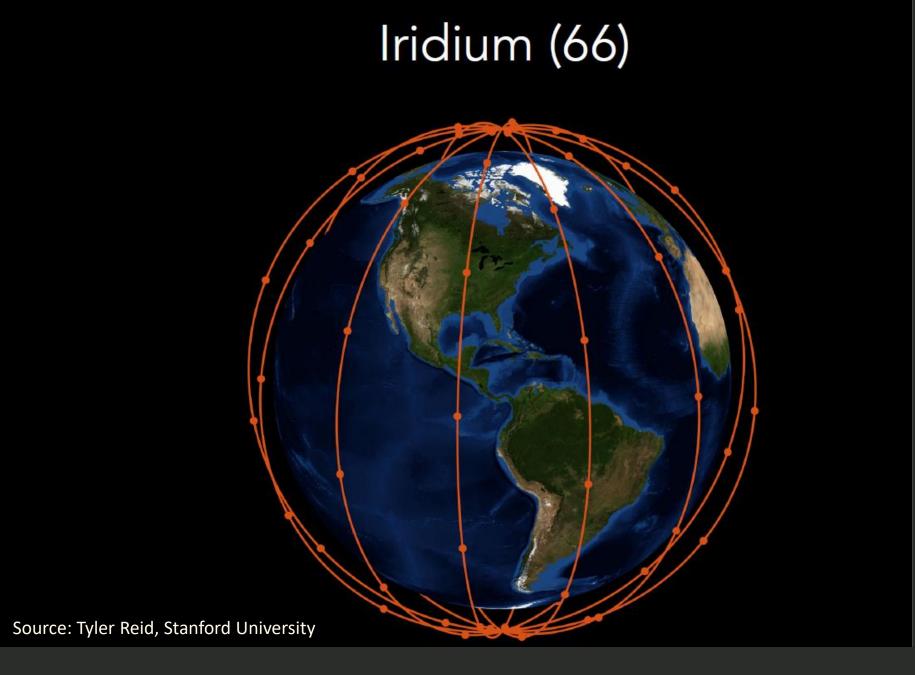
The New Space Economy – revolution of the space sector

Source: Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment

- New Space Economy has emerged next to the traditional space industry
 - refers to business using small satellites to deploy systems which offer commercial services and utilising space data and applications
 - enables easier and cheaper access to space than ever before
- The traditional space industry (formerly publicly funded at a national level) and the New Space Economy complement one another

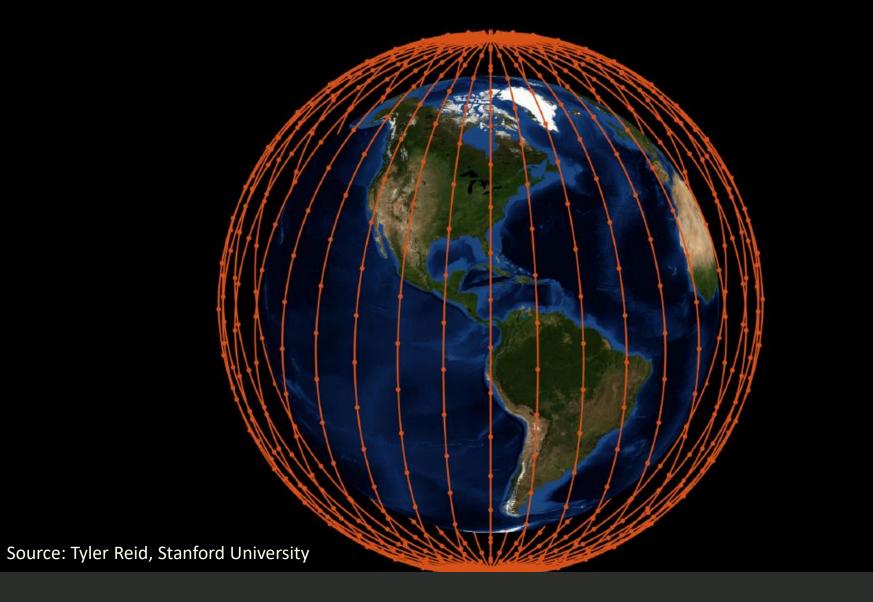
New Space Economy			
New space nations		Small satellites, constellations	
New operators		New launching services	
Significant private funding		Data, services, applications, IoT, connectivity	
New business models		Scalability	
Innovative industrial solutions		New industries	
Traditional space industry			
Science Space sy		systems	Military system





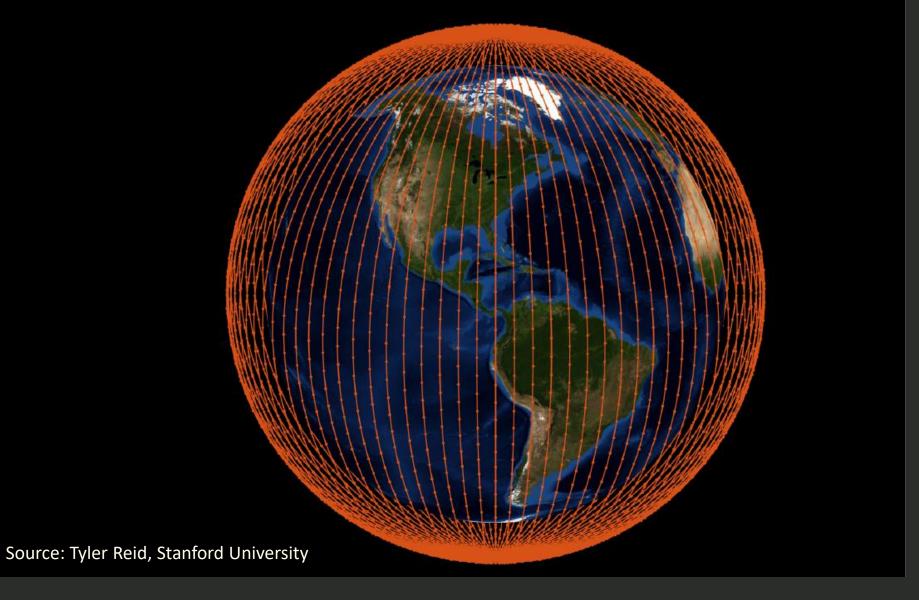
Satellite communications via Iridium

OneWeb (648)



Planned satellite broadband connectivity via OneWeb

SpaceX / Samsung (4000+)



Planned satellite broadband connectivity via SpaceX & Samsung etc



THANK YOU! ANY QUESTIONS?

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